§ 1943.76

the approval official requests a new appraisal, or unless significant changes in the market value of real estate have occurred in the area within the 1-year period.

- (4) Real estate appraisals will be completed as provided in subpart E of part 1922 of this chapter. The rights to mining products, gravel, oil, gas, coal, or other minerals will be considered a portion of the security for Farmer Programs loans and will be specifically included as a part of the appraised value of the real estate securing the loans using Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 1922–11, "Appraisal for Mineral Rights."
- (5) The value of stock required to be purchased by Federal land Bank (FLB) borrowers may be added to the recommended market value of the security, provided:
- (i) An assignment is obtained on the stock, or
- (ii) An assignment is obtained which provided that:
- (A) The value of the stock at the time the FLB loan is satisfied will be applied on the FLB loan, or
- (B) The stock refund check is made payable to the borrower and FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354, or
- (C) The stock refund check is made payable to the borrower and mailed to the County Supervisor.
- (iii) The total of the stock value and the recommended market value of real estate is indicated in the comments section of the appraisal report.
- (6) In the case of nonreal estate security, the following items apply:
- (i) Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 440-21, "Appraisal of Chattel Property," will be used.
- (ii) The property which will serve as security will be described in sufficient detail so it can be identified.
- (iii) The current market value or, if appropriate, the current cash value will be determined.

[53 FR 35706, Sept. 15, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 48289, Sept. 15, 1993; 59 FR 16773, Apr. 8, 1994]

§1943.76 Planning and performing development.

The development work will be planned and completed in accordance with part 1924, subpart A of this chapter.

§ 1943.77 Relationship with other lenders.

- (a) An applicant will be requested to obtain credit from another source when information indicates such credit is available. When another lender will not make a loan for the total needs of the applicant but is willing to participate with an SW loan, consideration will be given to a participation loan. FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 employees may not guarantee, personally or for FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354, repayment of advances made from other credit sources. However, lenders may be assured that lien priorities will be recognized.
- (b) The County Supervisor and the other lender's representative should maintain a close working relationship in processing loans to a mutual applicant or borrower. When an SW loan is made at the same time as a loan from another lender, that lender's lien will have priority over the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 lien unless otherwise agreed upon. The lender's lien priority can cover the following in addition to principal and interest: Advances for payment of taxes, property insurance, reasonable maintenance to protect the security, and reasonable foreclosure costs including attorney's fees.

§1943.78 [Reserved]

§1943.79 Relationship with other FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 loans, direct and guaranteed.

(a) Direct SW loans may be made simultaneously with other FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 loans or to borrowers presently in debt on FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103-354 loans, only if the loan limits involved will not be exceeded and all requirements of the loans involved will be met.

- (b) New applicants and borrowers indebted to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 and/or an FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 guaranteed lender(s) for an EE loan may be considered for an SW loan(s) provided their total outstanding principal indebtedness to FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 and/or the FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 guaranteed lender(s) for the EE and any FO, RL, OL and SW loans will not exceed \$650,000.
- (c) A direct SW loan may be made to a borrower with an outstanding guaranteed FO, SW of RL loan when:
- (1) The total direct and guaranteed FO, SW and RL principal balance, including the new loan, owed by the loan applicant does not exceed \$300,000 at either loan approval or loan closing.
- (2) Different lien positions on real estate are considered separate and identifiable collateral.
- (3) All other requirements of the loan are met.
- (d) A borrower may use the same collateral to secure two or more loans made, direct or guaranteed under this subpart except that the outstanding amount of such loans may not exceed the total value of the collateral.

[53 FR 35706, Sept. 15, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 15074, Mar. 19, 1993; 58 FR 44748, Aug. 25, 1993; 58 FR 48289, Sept. 15, 1993]

§§ 1943.80-1943.82 [Reserved]

§1943.83 Loan approval or disapproval.

- (a) Loan approval authority. Initial and subsequent loans may be approved as authorized by subpart A of part 1901 of this chapter, provided:
- (1) Section 1943.67 of this subpart, containing loan limitations, is not violated.
- (2) No significant changes have been made in the development plan considered by the appraiser when real estate will be taken as security.
- (b) Loan approval action. (1) The loan approval official must approve or disapprove applications within the deadlines set out in §1910.4 of subpart A of part 1910 of this chapter. The loan approval official is responsible for reviewing the docket to determine whether

the proposed loan complies with established policies and all pertinent regulations. When reviewing the docket, the loan approval official will determine that:

- (i) The Agency has certified the applicant eligible;
- (ii) Funds are requested for authorized purposes;
- (iii) The proposed loan is based upon a feasible plan. Planning forms other than Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 432–2, "Farm and Home Plan" may be used when they provide the necessary information.
 - (iv) The security is adequate;
- (v) Necessary supervision is planned; and
- (vi) All other pertinent requirements have been met or will be met.
 - (2) [Reserved]

[53 FR 35706, Sept. 15, 1988, as amended at 55 FR 21530, May 25, 1990; 57 FR 18679, Apr. 30, 1992; 61 FR 35926, July 9, 1996]

§1943.84 Requesting title service.

When the loan is approved and real estate will serve as security, the County Supervisor will request the applicant to obtain title clearance as provided in subpart B of part 1927 of this chapter, when required if this has not been done. If an option is involved, the applicant will sign and send to the seller Form FmHA or its successor agency under Public Law 103–354 440–35, "Acceptance of Option," or other suitable forms.

[53 FR 35706, Sept. 15, 1988, as amended at 56 FR 67481, Dec. 31, 1991]

§ 1943.85 Action after loan approval.

(a) Requesting check. If the County Supervisor is reasonably certain that the loan can be closed within 20 working days from the date of the check, loan funds may be requested at the time of loan approval through the field office terminal system. If funds are not requested when the loan is approved, advances in the amount needed will be requested through the field office terminal system. Loan funds must be provided to the applicant(s) within 15 days after loan approval, unless the applicant(s) agrees to a longer period. If no funds are available within 15 days of